

*Newfoundland.*—There are 48 sq. miles of provincial park area in Newfoundland. The 42 sq. miles on the west coast established as Serpentine Park is undeveloped, but the 6 sq. miles recently taken over on the Upper Humber River is now under development. Surveys are being conducted with a view to setting aside about 200 acres of Crown land throughout the Province to be used as small parks and picnic sites ranging in size from half-acre to fifty-acre lots.

*Quebec.*—The Province of Quebec has established five Provincial Parks and eight Fish and Game Reserves. Four of the park areas are quite extensive. La Vérendrye Park, 140 miles northwest of Montreal, has an area of 4,746 sq. miles; Laurentide Park, 30 miles north of Quebec City, has 3,612 sq. miles; Mont Tremblant, 80 miles north of Montreal, 1,223 sq. miles; and Gaspesian Park, Gaspé Peninsula, 514 sq. miles. Mount Orford Park, situated 15 miles west of Sherbrooke, has an area of 16 sq. miles.

The Fish and Game Reserves together occupy more than 30,000 sq. miles. The Chibougamau Reserve and the Mistassini Reserve, both northwest of Lake St. John, cover 3,400 sq. miles and 5,300 sq. miles respectively; the Kipawa Reserve in the Témiscamingue district, 1,000 sq. miles; and the Shickshock Reserve adjoining Gaspesian Park, 314 sq. miles. The Petite Cascapedia, 305 sq. miles, and the Port Daniel, 30 sq. miles, reserved for salmon and trout fishing, both lie along the Bay of Chaleur in Gaspé Peninsula, while the Mingan Reserve, largest of them all with an area of 21,000 sq. miles, lies on the north shore of the St. Lawrence River in Saguenay County.

These parks and reserves are wilderness areas of great scenic interest—for the most part mountainous country threaded with many rivers, lakes and streams and abounding in wildlife. In all of them, except Mount Orford, excellent fishing may be found and most of them have been organized to accommodate sportsmen and tourists in camps, cottages and lodges. Mont Tremblant is a famous resort area in both summer and winter and is easily reached by highway the year round from Montreal. The Department of Game and Fisheries administers the parks and reserves, and also four salmon streams which are open to anglers.

*Ontario.*—The Provincial Park program in Ontario has been greatly expanded since 1955. Six areas under development at the end of that year have been increased to 110 parks and park reserves by mid-1957. In 83 of these at least minor improvements have been effected and 67 are supplied with caretaker services and with camping and picnic facilities. The four largest parks—Algonquin, Quetico, Superior and Sibley—together have an area of nearly 4,700 sq. miles. Algonquin, 141 miles north of Toronto and 105 miles west of Ottawa, was the first to be established and is the best known. It is well provided with commercial camps for children and adults, easily accessible by road, but the present administrative policy is to encourage the establishment of commercial recreation facilities on the park fringes and to return the park itself to its natural condition. The interiors of Quetico and Superior Parks are also being retained as wilderness areas with fringe development. Quetico Park is accessible by road through the recently developed French Lake campsite, and by water; an extension to Highway No. 17 northward from Sault Ste. Marie will give access to Superior Park; and Sibley Park may also be reached by road from Highway 17 eastward from Port Arthur.

The parks are administered by the Parks Branch of the Department of Lands and Forests, Toronto, from which detailed information is available in brochure form.

*Manitoba.*—Three forest reserve areas in Manitoba may be considered as Provincial Parks, although they are not set up as such—Whiteshell Forest Reserve (1,088 sq. miles), Cormorant Forest Reserve (580 sq. miles) and Duck Mountain Forest Reserve (1,426 sq. miles). In addition there are eleven areas including the Northern Recreational Area, Amaranth Beach, Lynch Point, Pelican Lake, Rock Lake, Killarney, Seven Sisters, Pine Falls, Beaver Creek, Wallace Lake and Bird Lake, which make up a total of 950 sq. miles of new parks and recreational areas established up to 1957.